

THE BENEFITS OF USING AI IN OPHTHALMOLOGY



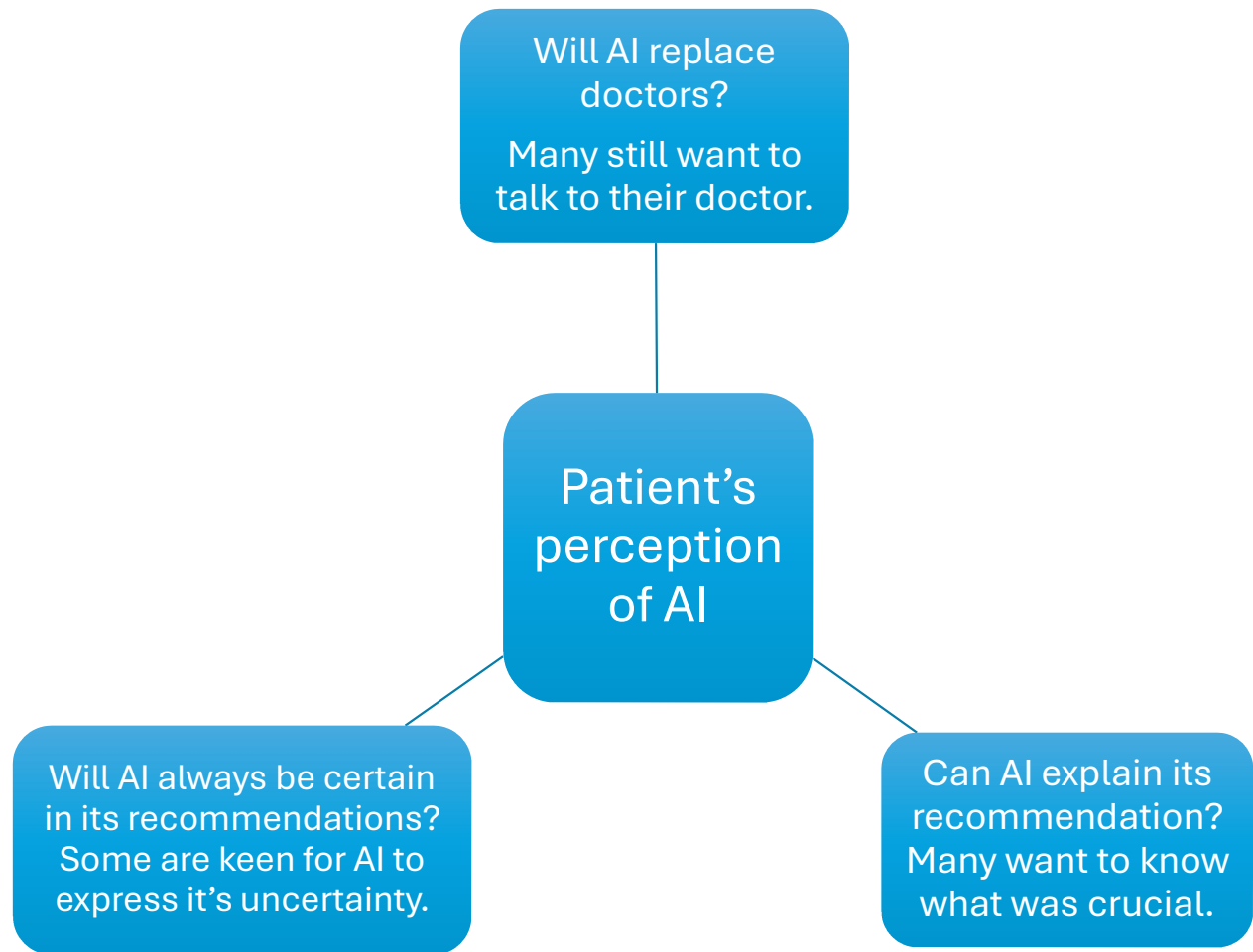
SESSION: HOW CAN NEW TECHNOLOGIES AND
MODERN APPROACHES IMPROVE THE QUALITY
OF HEALTHCARE / PRACTICAL EXAMPLES

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Experience 1.

Patients have varying perceptions about AI



Experience 2. Glaucoma is one specialty that would benefit from AI

Currently in UK:

Individuals

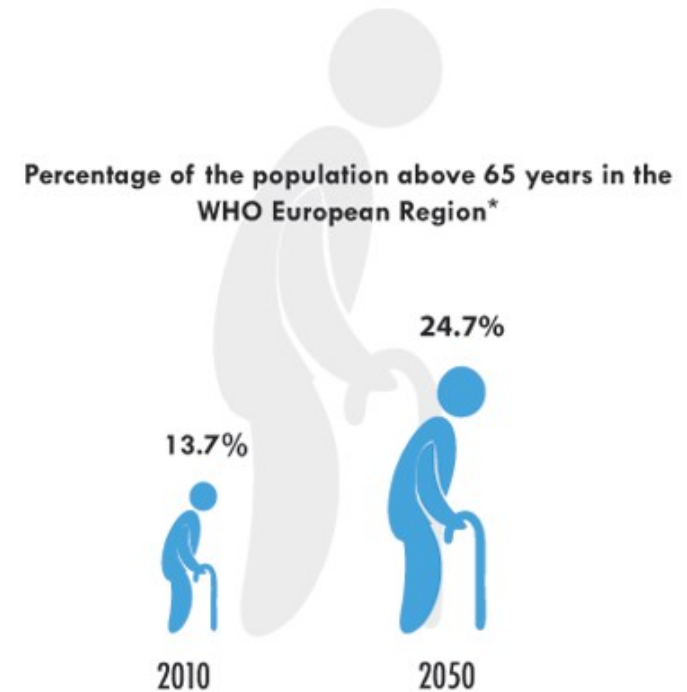
- **Second leading cause** of blindness in the UK
- 4000 people registered with **vision loss** per year
- Leading cause of **irreversible blindness** worldwide

Society

- Prevalence of glaucoma **increases with age**
- **50%** undiagnosed

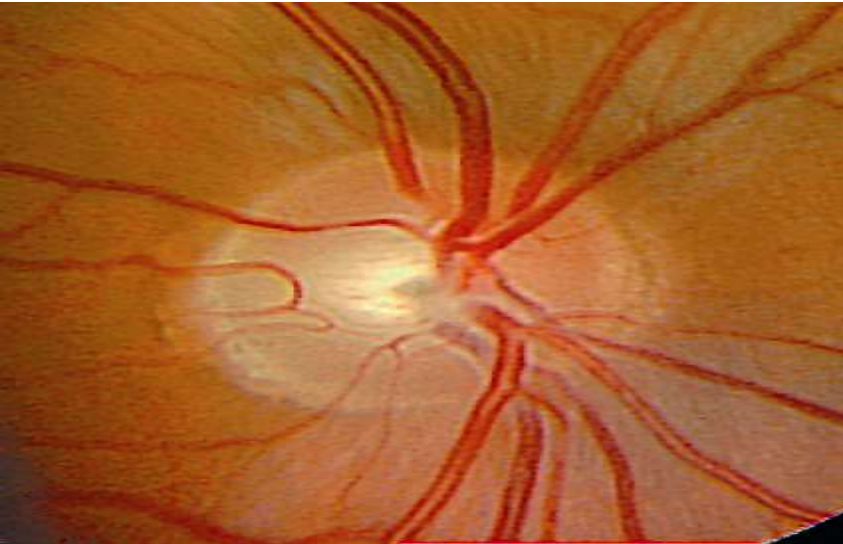
National Health Service

- Responsible for **>1m** outpatient visits/year in NHS England
- Ophthalmology is responsible for **10%** of all NHS outpatient activity
- **25%** of outpatient activity of hospital eye services



Glaucoma: A Chronic Disease of the Optic Nerve

Healthy



Hoste AM - Safran AB, 2002
www.glaucoom.eu

Glaucoma



fixation point

Hoste AM - Safran AB, 2002
www.glaucoom.eu

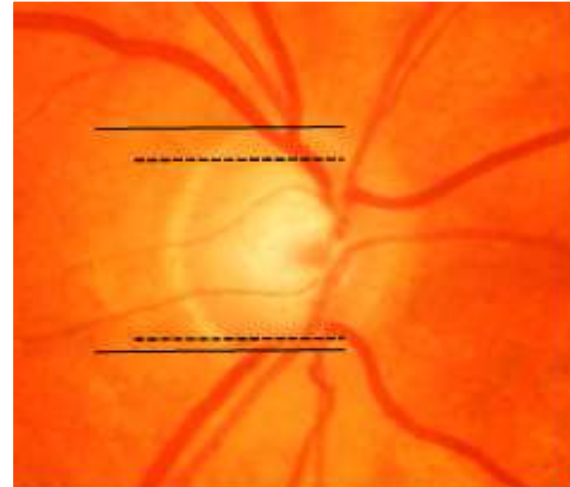


Glaucoma: Diagnosis is Difficult

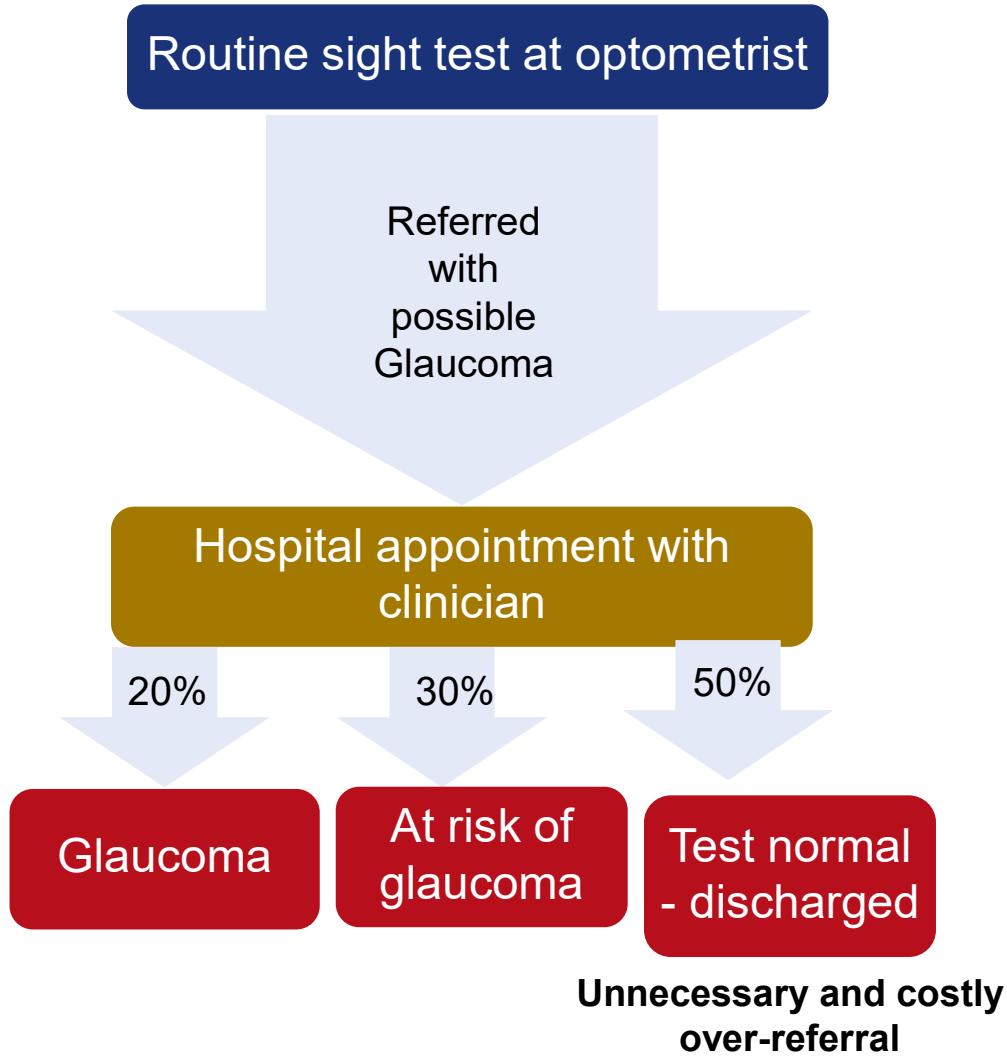
Variability in
optic disc size
and shape



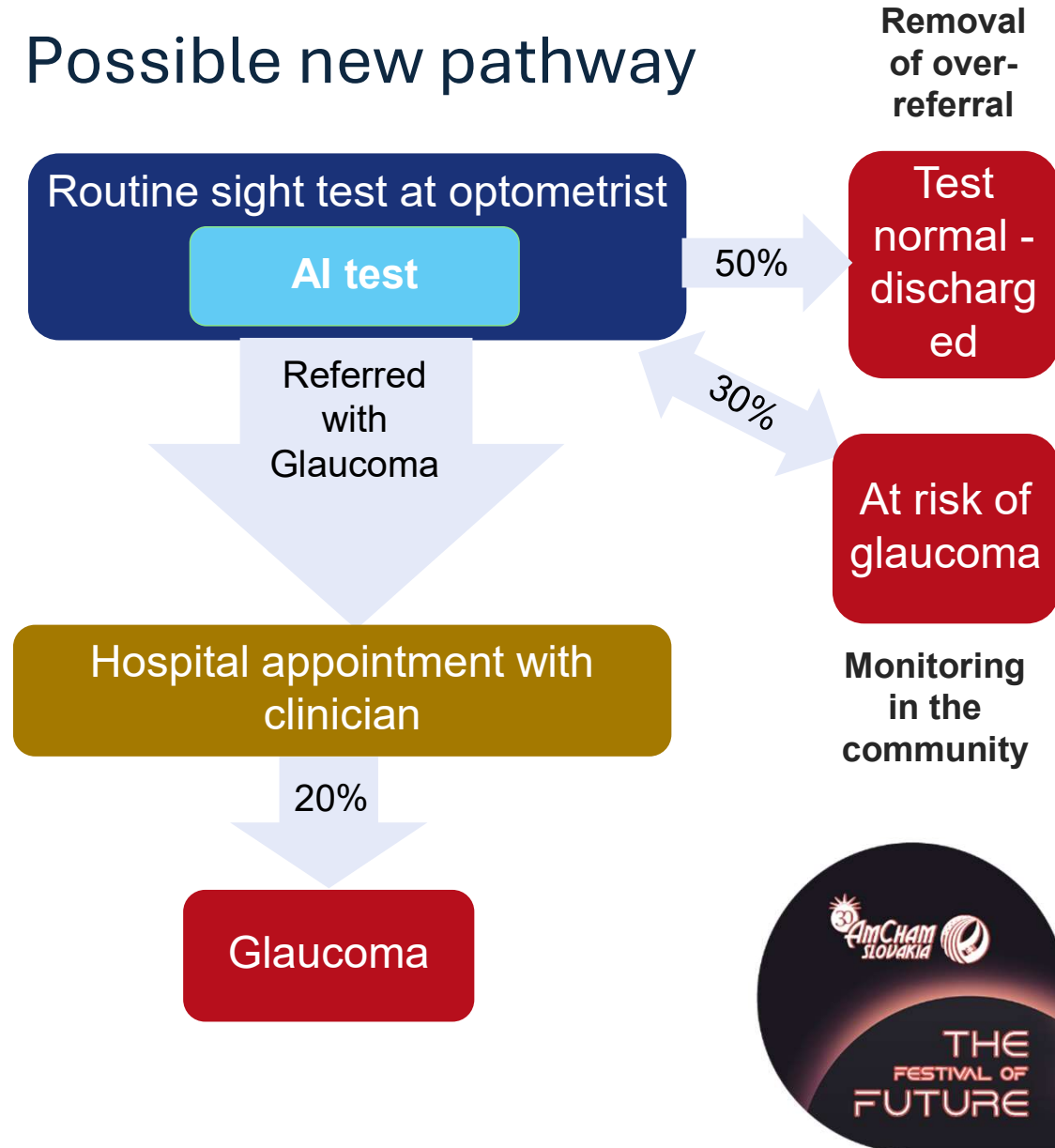
Difficult to
interpret damage



Current pathway



Possible new pathway



Experience 3. Now, only a few AIs are in routine use – for diagnosis/case detection

- In the UK, one AI is used routinely in ophthalmology: Scottish National Screening. Many trials are going on, including HERMES and work relating to the OCTANE algorithm from Moorfields-DeepMind.
- Royal College of Ophthalmology: [Position Statement on AI in Ophthalmology](#)
- 80% of AI use is in radiology: The Royal College of Radiologists created [AI Registry](#)



Position statement

Artificial intelligence in ophthalmology



Key messages

- With potential for strengthening patient care, streamlining processes and advancing research, artificial intelligence (AI) undoubtedly has an important role to play in transforming eyecare delivery in the UK.
- We believe that AI tools should be adopted via an iterative process, with ophthalmology services conducting regular audits, quality assurance and inclusive patient engagement to ensure safe, equitable and effective implementation.
- Enhanced digital integration, adequate workfo are needed to facilitate such efforts, and clinici enabled tools supplementing – not replacing –

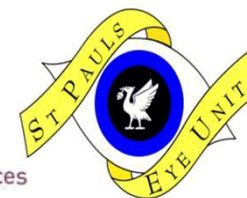


Automated grading in the Diabetic Eye Screening Programme

External review against programme appraisal criteria for the UK National Screening Committee

Acknowledgements

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Question?